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POPE ADDENDA

Barnaby McKennie petitioned the Virginia Assembly in 1702 for permission to build a grist mill on Black Creek in what was then Isle of Wight Co., afterwards Southampton Co. He afterwards moved to Edgecombe county, North Carolina, where he made his will in 1727. His daughter Mourning married John Pope. These dates show that he could not have been John Henry Pope mentioned by Dr. Beale in *QUARTERLY*, XII., pp. 196 and 252, or John Pope, son of Nathaniel Pope mentioned in *QUARTERLY*, XXIV., p. 195. This John Pope, who married Mourning McKennie, *QUARTERLY*, XXIV., p. 45, had a son, Henry Pope, who, according to the statement of a descendant, married Martha, daughter of Col. John Martin, of King William county, Va., and Martha Burwell, his wife, daughter of Major Lewis Burwell, of Gloucester county, and Martha Lear, his wife. Henry Pope lived in Halifax county, North Carolina, and his will dated January 2, 1764, proved at April Court, 1764, names wife Tabitha (she may have been a second wife), "eldest son" Burwell, "four younger sons" Willis, John, Henry, Austin, (Augustine), Wiley. Henry Augustine Pope was born August 6, 1760, obtained a deed for property in Oglethorpe county, Georgia, on which he lived and was buried in 1796. He married (1) Clara Hill, in 1787, and (2) Mary Davis. By Clara Hill, first wife, he had Middleton Pope, who married Lucy Hopson Lumpkin, daughter of Gov. Wilson Lumpkin, and Elizabeth Walker, his wife. Their daughter, Sarah Eliza Pope married David Crenshaw Barrow, and had among other children Hon. Pope Barrow, Senator of the United States, born in Oglethorpe Co., Georgia, August 1, 1839, and died in Savannah, Georgia, December 23, 1903, and David Crenshaw Barrow, who was chancellor of the University of Georgia, Athens, Georgia.

It is not proved that John Pope, son of Nathaniel Pope and Lucy S. Fox, his wife, was ancestor of Col. Leroy Pope, as stated in *QUARTERLY*, XXIV., p. 196. "They too came to Georgia from Virginia, settled in Elbert county at a frontier town called Dartmouth, which name they changed to Petersburg. The town is now extinct. In this colony of Virginians were Bibbs, Olivers, Watkins, Stokes, Popes, Walkers and others. Le Roy Pope moved to Huntsville, Alabama, one of his brothers to Kentucky, another to Tennessee, one remaining in Georgia. From a letter of William Ellzy Pope, grandson of Le Roy Pope, we learn that these Popes came from Amherst Co., Va. Le Roy had five sons—Willis, John, Le Roy, Alexander and William."

The names of all the children of Nathaniel Pope, of "Chilton," Hanover Co., and Miss Duvall are not given in *QUARTERLY*, XXIV., p. 196, but the full list, by Dr. Beale, appears in *QUARTERLY*, XII., pp. 251, 252. Miss Duvall was doubtless a descendant of William Claiborne, of Romancoke, King William Co., who died in 1746. He had a daughter who mar-

ried a Duvall, and the name Philadelphia, which was the name of one of the daughters of Nathaniel Pope and Miss Duvall, was the name of a sister of William Claiborne. In the Journal of the House Delegates for Dec. 28, 1785, it is stated that Philip Duvall, Claiborne Duvall, and Samuel Duvall were children of Samuel Duvall, deced.

JOHN CLAYTON

Commenting upon the article "The Contribution of Virginia to Science," which appeared in the April number of this Magazine, Dr. W. C. Peckham, of Brooklyn, on the editorial staff of the *Scientific American*, writes as follows:

"I was much interested in your note about the John Clayton for whom the *Claytonia Virginica* was named, about which you remark, 'is occasionally met with.' Is that all in the home of its baptism? Is that all? It is a very common spring flower in the North. It has a wide range East and West, from Nova Scotia to Saskatchewan, and South to the Carolinas in the Alleghanies. We call it the 'Spring Beauty' for a popular name.

"A remark you made in regard to the other, the Reverend John Clayton interested me. There was a John Clayton, who is thus alluded to in the Encyclopedia Britannica, Vol. VI., page 483 A, of the Eleventh Edition, 'Prior to 1691, however, Dr. John Clayton, dean of Kildare, filled bladders with inflammable gas obtained by the distillation of coal and showed that on pricking the bladders and applying a light to the escaping gas it burst into a luminous flame.' Might it be that this was the same man who was in Virginia, and that his "spirit" was a gas and not an *oil*?... I do not know."

EDUCATION AND LETTERS IN VIRGINIA 1824-1835

It is proposed to republish a group of very valuable essays by certain Virginians, composed between the years 1824-1835, chiefly for delivery as addresses before the Literary and Philosophical Society of Hampden-Sidney College.

The authors of these papers were John Holt Rice, G. P. Cushing, William Maxwell, James Mercer Garnett, J. B. Harrison, Lucian Minor.

The names of these men are, in great part, their own guarantee. But those in any way interested now may be assured that the character of work in these papers is extraordinarily high—the best thought of men of brains and principle and literary accomplishments. The work is homogeneous, because for some reason each of these men chose for his subject the state of letters, science or education in Virginia at that time.